# Social and Emotional Wellbeing



Zones of Regulation

Mindful Education

Be You

Sensory Area

School dog

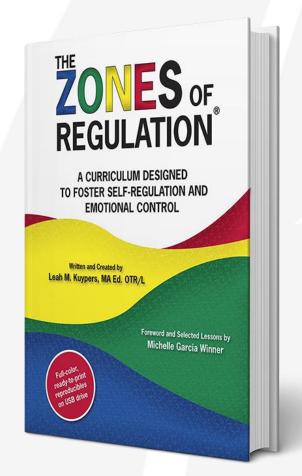




### Zones of Regulation



'Zones of Regulation' is a program designed to teach students about their emotions and what strategies they can use to regulate them.



### About the Program

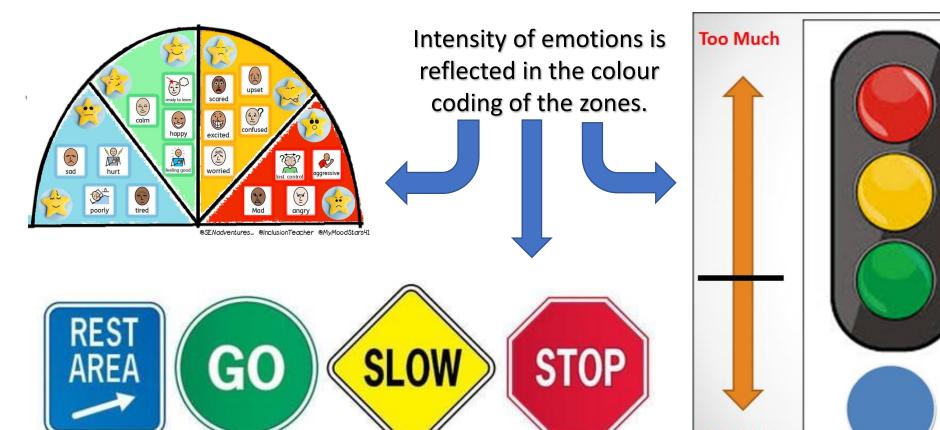


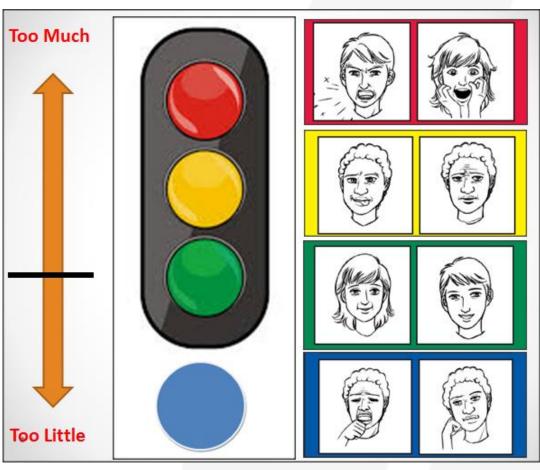
Zones of Regulation provides teachers with a series of lessons and activities in which students can learn the skills of

- Identifying their emotions.
- Emotional control.
- Sensory regulation.
- The ability to exercise executive functioning skills.

Which allows students to develop their ability to regulate their emotions.

The approach uses four colours (or "zones") to help students visually and verbally self-identify how they are functioning in the moment given their emotions and state of alertness





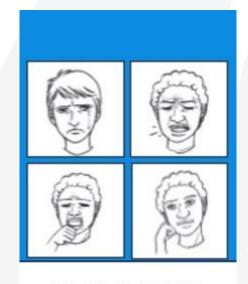




Blue Zone - Low states of alertness:

- sad
- tired
- sick
- bored

BODY AND/OR BRAIN IS MOVING SLOWLY.



Sad
Sick
Tired
Bored
Moving Slowly

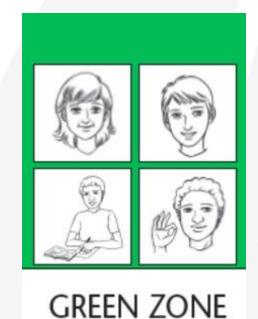




Green Zone – A regulated state of alertness:

- calm
- happy
- focused
- content

THE GREEN ZONE SHOWS CONTROL.



Happy
Calm
Feeling Okay
Focused
Ready to Learn





Yellow Zone – A heightened state of alertness, experiencing stress

- frustrated
- anxious
- excitement
- nervousness
- confusion

THE YELLOW ZONE IS STARTING TO LOOSE CONTROL.



Frustrated
Worried
Silly/Wiggly
Excited
Loss of Some Control

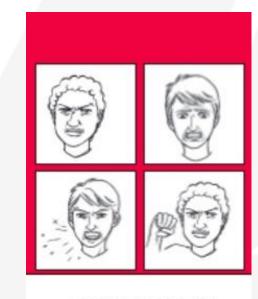




Red Zone – An extremely heightened state of alertness:

- anger
- rage
- panic
- terror
- explosive behaviour

THE RED ZONE IS NOT BEING IN CONTROL.



RED ZONE

Mad/Angry

Mean

Terrified

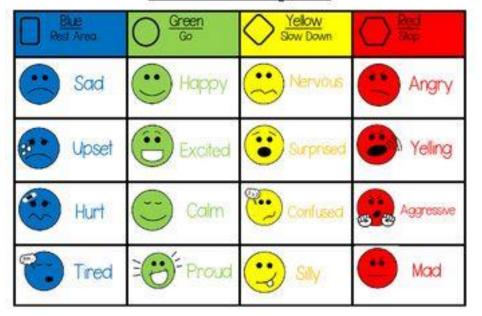
Yelling/Hitting

Out of Control

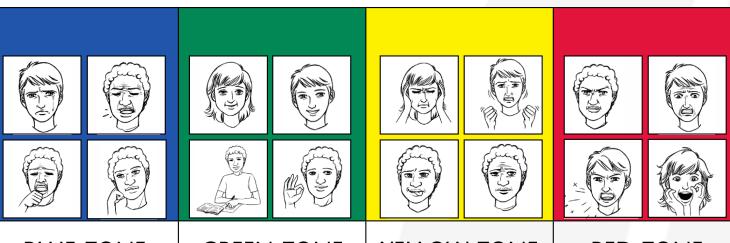
## Recognising Emotions



#### The Zones of Regulation



## The **ZONES** of Regulation®



#### **BLUE ZONE**

Sad Sick Tired Bored Moving Slowly

#### **GREEN ZONE**

Happy
Calm
Feeling Okay
Focused
Ready to Learn

#### YELLOW ZONE

Frustrated
Worried
Silly/Wiggly
Excited
Loss of Some Control

#### **RED ZONE**

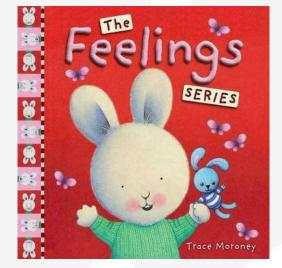
Mad/Angry
Terrified
Yelling/Hitting
Elated
Out of Control

### Activities



- Role playing scenarios
- Sorting and Identifying emotions
  - Games and activities
    - Arts and crafts
  - Looking at relevant literature











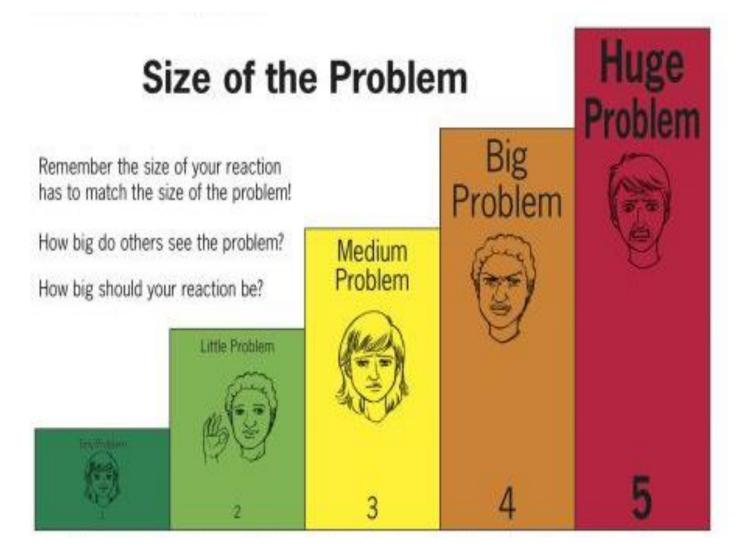








# Tools for Managing Emotions



### How Big is My Problem?



# Tools for Managing Emotions



# Strategies

Safe

Problem Solving





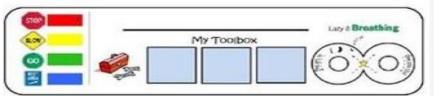


## Checking In





Rating	Looks and Feels Like	What I can do	What others can do to help me	Feeling
Red Zone	I am really angry or worried or scared.  I feel anger and like I am not in control of my feelings or the situation.	\$TOP. Lazy 8 breathing.	Remind me to do Lazy 8 breathing. Remind me to do hand pulses or use a stress ball. Give me space.	
Yellow Zone	I am starting to feel frustrated, worried or that I am about to lose control.  I feel frustrated about having to do my work as it is hard for me.	Tell my teacher. Go get a drink. Do hand pulses. Use a stress ball.	Remind me of my calming tools. Give me some space. Let me chat to someone.	
Green Zone	I am doing great.  I feel good about myself and about what is going on around me.	Use my calming tools. Be positive about what is going on.	Chat to me. Acknowledge my hard work.	
Blue Zone	I am feeling sad or tired or sick or bored  I feel hurt and sad. I feel clueless.	Have a rest. Get a drink. Eat something. Talk to someone. Time alone (reading corner).	Acknowledge my hard work. Listen to me when I talk. Sit with me.	



## Common Language





I am in the	zone.
I feel	•
The strateg	/ I will use is

#### **Examples:**

"This is really frustrating me and making me go into the yellow zone. I need to use a tool to calm down. I will take some deep breaths."

"I am feeling angry/upset. I am in the red zone. I will sit in the chill out area and use a fidget/stress ball.

### What This Results In





### ITS OK NOT TO FEEL OK EVERY DAY!

/

To help remain

Ok!

I feel happy

and ready to

learn

- Zone, I should:
   Have a growth
  mindset
- Try remaining resilient - Remember
- everyone has different strengths - Know I am valued and
- important
   Have brain
  breaks as
  needed
- Use recess and lunch to chat to others
- Remember everyone has the right to

I feel sad or tired I feel frustrated or distracted

Not ok!

I feel very angry and am not in control

My choices: I can either

Manage my emotions React to my feelings

#### Strategies

- Try lazy 8 breathing - Count to 10 and back
- Use a stress ball
- Do hand pulses - Hug self tightly
- Mug self fightly
   Visit the Cool Down Zone
- Draw a picture
- Write a letter or note
   Have a drink/ a snack
- Go for a walk

What this may look like

- Not attempting the work expected of me
- Distracting my peers by talking or being silly
- Speaking rudely to others including yelling or swearing
- Not respecting property, either mine or others

Progress through yellow slip

## Why is Self-Regulation Important?



### It is directly related to:

- success in learning
- academic performance
- social interaction
- overall health



It is critical for success in school, work, and life!

## Questions



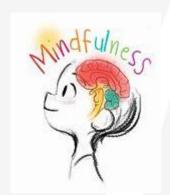


#### A Whole School Approach to Mindfulness



#### What is mindfulness?

 Mindfulness is the mental skill of attention and how we choose to use our attention.



 When we get better at managing attention, we can use our attention to focus on schoolwork, meaningful experiences, and self-regulating unhelpful thoughts and emotional over reactions, like losing our temper.



#### A Whole School Approach to Mindfulness

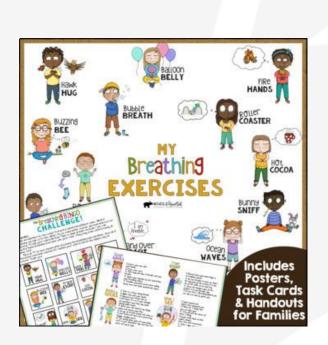


#### **What is meditation?**

- Meditation is the active practice of learning to calm and train attention.
- Meditation can be practised in a variety of ways suitable for teachers and students.
- Meditation is an important skill for both adults and children because it teaches better self-regulation.
- Meditation leads to mindfulness.







#### A Whole School Approach to Mindfulness



#### **Mindfulness Curriculum**

- Introduction to mindfulness
- Understanding my brain
- Recognising and managing thoughts and emotions

• Improvement in student ability to self-regulate.

• Optimal conditions for learning.

#### A Whole School Approach to Mindfulness



# The proven benefits from practising mindfulness include decreased:

- Anxiety
- Stress
- Depression
- Exhaustion
- Irritability

#### Studies also show:

- Memory improves;
- Reaction times become faster
- Mental and physical stamina increase

## Questions





### Be You Learning Community





What is it? • A national mental health initiative for educators which aims to promote and protect positive mental health in children and young people in every early learning service and school in Australia.

#### Family Primary School **Partnerships** Partner Assist Mentally Healthy Learning Early Resilience **Communities** Support Affirm Understand Notice Embed Connect Inquire Empower Include Provide Responding Together Recognise Respond

#### What does it provide?

- A framework that provides a structure for both Professional Learning, and the actions schools and services can take to implement a whole learning community approach to mental health and wellbeing.
- Fact sheets and information for educators and parents.
- Student observation checklists against the Mental Health Continuum.
- Assists educators to play their role within a whole-of learning community approach to promoting mental health
- A shared mental health community for parents and teachers.

## Questions





### Sensory Area





The purpose of the <u>sensory room</u> is to provide students with sensory input that helps our student calm and focus themselves so that they can be better prepared for learning and interacting with others.



- Socialisation

- Cognitive skills development





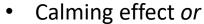






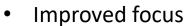




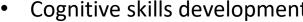




































### Support for individual Learning Needs



- Teacher assessments and observations
- Individual Education Plans
- Partnership with West Coast Language Development Centre
- Referral to Department agencies such as School of Special Education Needs
- BETLS Observation tool (Behaviour, Emotions, Thoughts, Learning and Social relationships
- Referral to School Psychologist
- Liasing with outside agencies such as Occupational and Speech Therapists
- Training for staff

### Support for individual Learning Needs



